

## General Assembly

## Substitute Bill No. 109

February Session, 2006

\*\_\_\_\_SB00109APP\_\_\_041106\_\_\_\_\*

## AN ACT CONCERNING MULTILINE TELEPHONE SYSTEMS AND ENHANCED 9-1-1.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. Section 28-25 of the general statutes is repealed and the
- 2 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2008*):
- 3 As used in this section and sections 28-25a, 28-25b, 28-26, 28-27, 28-
- 4 27a, 28-28, 28-28a, 28-28b, 28-29, 28-29a and 28-29b <u>and sections 2 to 8</u>,
- 5 <u>inclusive</u>, of this act:
- 6 (1) "Automatic number identification" or "ANI" means an enhanced
- 7 9-1-1 service capability that enables the automatic display of the seven
- 8 digit number used to place a 9-1-1 call.
- 9 (2) "Automatic location identification" or "ALI" means an enhanced
- 10 9-1-1 service capability that enables the automatic display of
- information defining the geographical location of the telephone used
- 12 to place a 9-1-1 call.
- 13 (3) "Office" means the Office of State-Wide Emergency
- 14 Telecommunications.
- 15 (4) "Commission" means the E 9-1-1 Commission created by section
- 16 28-29a.

- 17 (5) "Enhanced 9-1-1 service" means a service consisting of telephone 18 network features and public safety answering points provided for 19 users of the public telephone system enabling such users to reach a 20 public safety answering point by dialing the digits "9-1-1". Such service 21 directs 9-1-1 calls to appropriate public safety answering points by 22 selective routing based on the geographical location from which the 23 call originated and provides the capability for automatic number 24 identification and automatic location identification features.
  - (6) "Enhanced 9-1-1 network features" means those features of selective routing which have the capability of automatic number and location identification.
- 28 (7) "Municipality" means any town, city, borough, consolidated town and city or consolidated town and borough.
- 30 (8) "Public safety agency" means a functional division of a 31 municipality or the state which provides fire fighting, law 32 enforcement, ambulance, medical or other emergency services.
- 33 (9) "Private safety agency" means any entity, except a municipality 34 or a public safety agency, providing emergency fire, ambulance or 35 medical services.
  - (10) "Public safety answering point" means a facility, operated on a twenty-four-hour basis, assigned the responsibility of receiving 9-1-1 calls and, as appropriate, directly dispatching emergency response services, or transferring or relaying emergency 9-1-1 calls to other public safety agencies. A public safety answering point is the first point of reception by a public safety agency of a 9-1-1 call and serves the jurisdictions in which it is located or other participating jurisdictions.
  - (11) "Selective routing" means the method employed to direct 9-1-1 calls to the appropriate public safety answering point based on the geographical location from which the call originated.

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- (12) "Telephone company" includes every corporation, company, association, joint stock association, partnership or person, or lessee thereof, owning, leasing, maintaining, operating, managing or controlling poles, wires, conduits or other fixtures, in, under or over any public highway or street, for the provision of telephone exchange and other systems and methods of telecommunications and services related thereto in or between any or all of the municipalities of this state.
  - (13) "Private branch exchange" means an electronic telephone exchange installed on the user's premises to allow internal dialing from station to station within such premises and connection to outgoing and incoming lines to the public switched network of a telephone company.
- (14) "Private safety answering point" or "PSAP", means a facility within a private company, corporation or institution, operated on a twenty-four-hour basis, and assigned the responsibility of receiving 9-1-1 calls routed by a private branch exchange and, directly dispatching in-house emergency response services, or transferring or relaying emergency 9-1-1 calls to other public or private safety agencies.
  - (15) "Emergency medical dispatch" means the management of requests for emergency medical assistance by utilizing a system of (A) tiered response or priority dispatching of emergency medical resources based on the level of medical assistance needed by the victim, and (B) prearrival first aid or other medical instructions given by trained personnel who are responsible for receiving 9-1-1 calls and directly dispatching emergency response services.
  - (16) "Alternative method of notification" means an enhanced 9-1-1 service capability that that enables the location of the emergency caller and the initiation of emergency response.
  - (17) "Alternative methods to support enhanced 9-1-1" means methods used by a MLTS operator to provide a 9-1-1 emergency response team a reasonable opportunity to quickly locate a caller as an

- 79 <u>alternative to the MLTS signaling needed to produce the automatic</u>
- 80 display of caller location information on the video terminal of the call-
- 81 taker.
- 82 (18) "Building unit identifier" or "BUI" means a room number or
- equivalent designation of a portion of a structure or building.
- 84 (19) "Call back number" means a number used by the PSAP to
- 85 initiate contact with the location from which the 9-1-1 call was placed.
- 86 The number may or may not be the number of the station used to
- 87 originate the 9-1-1 call.
- 88 (20) "Emergency location identification number" or "ELIN" means a
- 89 valid North American Numbering Plan format telephone number
- 90 assigned to the MLTS operator for the purpose of routing a call to a
- 91 PSAP, which then may retrieve ALI. The North American Numbering
- 92 Plan number may in some cases not be a dialable number.
- 93 (21) "Emergency response location" or "ERL" means a location to
- 94 which a 9-1-1 emergency response team may be dispatched. The
- 95 location shall be specific enough to provide a reasonable opportunity
- 96 for the emergency response team to quickly locate a caller anywhere
- 97 within such location.
- 98 (22) "Key telephone system" means a type of multiple-line telephone
- 99 system designed to provide shared access to several outside lines
- through buttons, or keys, typically offering identified access lines with
- direct line appearance or termination on a given telephone set.
- 102 (23) "Local notification" means a system capability whereby a call to
- 103 9-1-1 from a MLTS extension is directed through the 9-1-1 network to a
- 104 PSAP and simultaneously to a switchboard operator, attendant or
- designated personnel where assistance can be provided to the PSAP to
- 106 locate the caller or to assist in directing response. For local notification,
- the call back number shall be a telephone number that can be dialed
- from the PSTN, which will be answered by the switchboard operator,
- attendant or designated personnel. Local notification shall include the

- ability of the switchboard operator, attendant or designated personnel
  to identify the location of telephones that have dialed 9-1-1.
- 112 (24) "Multi-line telephone system" or "MLTS" means a multi-line
- telephone system comprised of one or more common control units,
- 114 telephone sets and control hardware and software. This includes
- network and premises-based systems, such as centrex and PBX, hybrid
- and key telephone systems.
- 117 (25) "MLTS operator" means the entity that either owns or rents
- from a third party and operates a MLTS through which a caller may
- place a 9-1-1 call through the public switched network.
- 120 (26) "Master street address guide" or "MSAG" means a database of
- 121 street names and house number ranges within the associated
- 122 <u>communities defining emergency services zones and their associated</u>
- emergency services numbers to enable proper routing of 9-1-1 calls.
- 124 (27) "North American Numbering Plan" means a method of
- identifying telephone trunks in the public network of North America.
- 126 (28) "Public switched network" means any common carrier network
- 127 <u>that provides circuit switching between public users.</u>
- 128 (29) "Public switched telephone network" or "PSTN" means a
- 129 worldwide voice telephone network accessible to all those with
- 130 <u>telephones and access privileges.</u>
- 131 (30) "Shared telecommunications services" means
- 132 <u>telecommunications and information management services and</u>
- 133 equipment shared within a user group located in discrete private
- premises in building complexes, campuses or high-rise buildings by a
- commercial shared services provider or by a user association, through
- privately owned customer premises equipment and associated data
- processing and information management services. It also includes the
- provision of connections to the facilities of a local exchange and to
- 139 <u>interexchange telecommunications companies.</u>

- (31) "Workspace" means the physical area of a building where work
  is normally performed. This is a net square footage measurement that
  includes hallways, conference rooms, restroom and break rooms, but
- does not include wall thickness, shafts, heating, ventilating, or air conditioning equipment spaces, mechanical or electrical spaces or
- conditioning equipment spaces, mechanical or electrical spaces or
- similar areas where employees do not normally have access.
- Sec. 2. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2008) (a) Operators of a shared
- 147 MLTS serving residential customers shall ensure that the
- 148 telecommunications system is connected to the public switched
- network so that a call to 9-1-1 results in one distinctive ANI and ALI
- 150 for each living unit, unless the facility maintains, at all times,
- alternative methods to support enhanced 9-1-1.
- 152 (b) For a MLTS connected to the public switched network and
- serving business locations of one employer, the MLTS operator shall
- deliver the 9-1-1 call with an ELIN, which will result in one of the
- following: (1) An ERL that provides at least the building and floor
- 156 location of the caller; (2) an ability to direct response through an
- alternative and adequate means of signaling by the establishment of a
- private answering point; or (3) a connection to a switchboard operator,
- 159 attendant or a designated individual that provides for the
- 160 establishment of local notification capability.
- 161 (c) The following shall not be required to provide more than one
- 162 ERL: (1) A workspace fewer than 7,000 square feet and located on a
- single, contiguous property; (2) a location with key telephone systems;
- and (3) MLTS operators with fewer than 49 stations installed and
- occupying not more than 40,000 square feet on a single, contiguous
- 166 property.
- (d) Providers of shared telecommunications services shall ensure
- that the MLTS is connected to the public switched network so that calls
- to 9-1-1 from any telephone result in ALI for each respective ERL of
- each entity sharing the telecommunications services.
- 171 (e) Hotel and motel MLTS shall permit the dialing of 9-1-1 and the

- MLTS operator shall ensure that the MLTS is connected to the public switched telephone network so that 9-1-1 calls originating from the hotel or motel MLTS either: (1) Provide the PSAP with the ability to clearly identify the address and BUI of the 9-1-1 caller through the delivery of ANI or ELIN that results in the subsequent retrieval of ALI by the PSAP for each telephone set within the facility; or (2) provide an automated system that will connect the caller, PSAP and knowledgeable designated individual at the facility when 9-1-1 is dialed. The designated individual may supplement or replace the ALI record with specific location information by effectively communicating to the PSAP the specific location of the caller.
  - (f) Where applicable, MLTS operators shall arrange to update the ALI database with appropriate MSAG valid address and callback information for each MLTS telephone, so that the location information specifies the ERL of the caller. These updates shall be made as soon as practicable for new MLTS installations, or within one business day of record completion of the actual changes for previously installed systems. The information in the ALI database is proprietary to MLTS operators and shall not be disclosed or used for any purpose other than facilitating emergency response to a 9-1-1 call.
  - (g) MLTS operators shall be considered to be in compliance with regulations adopted under section 8 of this act when the MLTS complies with enhanced 9-1-1 generally accepted industry standards as defined by the Department of Public Safety, Office of State-wide Emergency Telecommunications. The telecommunication carriers shall provide interconnectivity through the use of generally accepted industry standards.
  - (h) The MLTS operator shall make all reasonable efforts to ensure that potential 9-1-1 callers are aware of the proper procedures for calling for emergency assistance, such as when dialing the digit 9 is required. Dialing instruction requirements shall apply to all MLTS operators regardless of whether any other exemptions apply.

- (i) MLTS shall support enhanced 9-1-1 calling by using any generally accepted industry standard signaling protocol, designed to produce an automatic display of caller information on the video terminal of the PSAP call-taker, unless the MLTS operator is exempt or a waiver has been granted in accordance with regulations adopted under section 8 of this act.
- Sec. 3. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2008*) (a) Public agencies providing 9-1-1 educational programs may develop programs to educate MLTS operators on how to access 9-1-1 emergency telephone systems and to provide adequate testing of the MLTS interface to the 9-1-1 system.
- (b) No MLTS manufacturer, provider or operator shall be liable for any civil damages or penalties as a result of any act or omission, except willful or wanton misconduct, in connection with developing, adopting, operating or implementing any plan or system required by this act.
- (c) Nothing in this section is intended to relieve employers of their obligations under federal and state workplace occupational safety and health statutes and regulations.
  - Sec. 4. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2008) (a) In facilities offering alternative and adequate means of intercepting emergency calls, training shall be offered to individuals intercepting the call in accordance with regulations adopted under authority of section 8 of this act.
- 227 (b) MLTS with a single ERL and fewer then forty-nine stations shall 228 not be required to comply with regulations adopted under section 8 of 229 this act. Requirements for MLTS and wireless MLTS operators to 230 provide dialing instructions shall continue to apply.
- (c) MLTS operators that employ alternative methods of enhanced 9-1-1 support shall not be required to comply with regulations adopted under section 8 of this act.

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- Sec. 5. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2008) (a) The requirements of
- sections 2 to 7, inclusive, of the regulations adopted under section 8 of
- this act shall not apply to the following types of equipment until two
- 237 years after the effective date of a Federal Communications
- 238 Commission ruling addressing implementation of enhanced 9-1-1
- 239 support by such equipment: (1) MLTS wireless telephones; (2) MLTS
- 240 Internet Protocol (IP) telephones; and (3) IP-based MLTS.
- (b) A MLTS, using a combination of conventional stations and IP or
- 242 wireless stations, shall be subject to this exemption for all calls made
- 243 from the IP-based or wireless stations.
- Sec. 6. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2008) MLTS operators that are not
- exempt from regulations adopted under section 8 of this act may seek
- 246 a waiver from the Office of State-Wide Emergency
- 247 Telecommunications within the Department of Public Safety if
- bringing the system into compliance is impractical. The local exchange
- 249 carrier shall not grant waivers or enforce compliance with sections 2 to
- 250 7, inclusive, of this act or the regulations adopted under section 8 of
- 251 this act.
- Sec. 7. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2008) (a) A MLTS installed on or
- 253 after October 1, 2008, shall comply upon installation with the
- 254 provisions of sections 2 to 7, inclusive, of this act and regulations
- adopted under section 8 of this act. Systems in existence on October 1,
- 256 2006, or those installed within two years of the date that enhanced 9-1-
- 257 1 MLTS support service is available, shall comply by October 1, 2013.
- (b) Enhanced 9-1-1 MLTS support service is deemed to be available
- 259 if: (1) The serving central office may accept ELIN information for the
- 260 MLTS using generally accepted industry standard interfaces; (2)
- 261 facilities are in place to accept the ERL information provided by the
- 262 MLTS; and (3) the PSAP is equipped to utilize the ERL information.
- 263 (c) The MLTS operator may choose the industry standard interface.
- 264 (d) Operators of MLTS systems not connected to the enhanced 9-1-1

system because the chosen interface standard is not available from the local exchange carrier shall report this information to the Department of Public Safety, Office of State-wide Emergency Telecommunications.

Sec. 8. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2008) The Commissioner of Public Safety shall adopt regulations in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54 of the general statutes to carry out the provisions of sections 2 to 7, inclusive, of this act. The regulations shall include (1) requirements for MLTS, including a requirement for dialing instructions, and (2) standards for MLTS operators and may include for individuals intercepting the call in facilities offering alternative and adequate means of intercepting emergency calls.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	October 1, 2008	28-25
Sec. 2	October 1, 2008	New section
Sec. 3	October 1, 2008	New section
Sec. 4	October 1, 2008	New section
Sec. 5	October 1, 2008	New section
Sec. 6	October 1, 2008	New section
Sec. 7	October 1, 2008	New section
Sec. 8	October 1, 2008	New section

**APP** Joint Favorable Subst.